

# UNIVERSITY OF LUCKNOW

## D.Pharm Entrance Examination

### Biology Group — Model Test Paper Set 10

Total Questions: 100 | Section A: Chemistry & Physics (50) + Section B: Biology (50)

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#### SECTION A — Chemistry & Physics [50]

##### Chemistry

1. What is the mass percentage of S in  $H_2SO_4$  ?

- (a) 32.65% (b) 65.30%  
(c) 28.00% (d) 48.32%

Answer: (a) 32.65%

2. Zeeman effect corresponds to the splitting of spectral lines in the presence :

- (a) Electric field (b) Both electric and magnetic fields  
(c) Neither electric field nor magnetic field (d) Magnetic field

Answer: (d) Magnetic field

3. The element with atomic number 37 belongs to which block in the modern periodic table?

- (a) f-block (b) d-block  
(c) p-block (d) s-block

Answer: (d) s-block

4. Which of the following metal hydrides has the crystal structure of rutile?

- (a) NaH (b) MgH  
(c) LiH (d) BaH<sub>2</sub>

Answer: (b) MgH

5. Which of the following methods can't be used for the preparation of hydrogen gas?

- (a) Reaction of ethanamine solution with CO (b) Reaction of saltlike hydrides with water  
(c) Steam reformer process (d) Electrolysis of the aqueous solution of NaOH or KOH

Answer: (a) Reaction of ethanamine solution with CO

6. The common zeolite used for softening of hard water is Natrolite. Its molecular formula is:  $Na_2O \cdot xSiO_2 \cdot yH_2O$  :

- (a)  $Na_2O \cdot 2SiO_2 \cdot 3H_2O$  (b)  $Na_2O \cdot 3SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$   
(c)  $CaO \cdot SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$  (d)  $MgO \cdot 3SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$

Answer: (b)  $Na_2O \cdot 3SiO_2 \cdot 2H_2O$

7. What is the temporary hardness of water if water contains 7.3 :

- (a) 35 mg (b) 25 mg  
(c) 15 mg (d) 20 mg

Answer: (c) 15 mg

8. Spodumene is the mineral of which element?

- (a) Caesium (b) Potassium  
(c) Sodium (d) Lithium

Answer: (d) Lithium

9. Which of the group 1 metal hydrides is stable up to 900 :

- (a) Sodium hydride (b) Potassium hydride

(c) Caesium hydride (d) Lithium hydride

**Answer: (d) Lithium hydride**

**10. The ingredients that makes up the baking powder are: yesefkeb :**

(a)  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ , Starch,  $\text{NaAl}(\text{SO}_4)_2$  and  $3\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4)_2$  (b)  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  and Starch

(c) Only  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (d)  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ , Starch and  $\text{NaAl}(\text{SO}_4)_2$

**Answer: (a)  $\text{NaHCO}_3$ , Starch,  $\text{NaAl}(\text{SO}_4)_2$  and  $3\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{PO}_4)_2$**

**11. Metallic crystal structure of calcium :**

(a) Body centered cubic (b) Simple cubic

(c) Face centered cubic (d) Hexagonal close packing

**Answer: (c) Face centered cubic**

**12. Major cation in the intracellular fluid in animals is: heMegDeeW ceW Deblejeke :**

(a) Calcium (b) Sodium

(c) Potassium (d) Magnesium

**Answer: (c) Potassium**

**13. Calamine is the ore of: :**

(a) Al (b) Fe

(c) Ca (d) Zn

**Answer: (d) Zn**

**14. Which of the following alcohols cannot be oxidised to a carbonyl compound?**

(a) Ter-butyl alcohol (b) Sec-butyl alcohol

(c) 1-pentanol (d) n-butyl alcohol

**Answer: (a) Ter-butyl alcohol**

**15. By using  $\text{SOCl}_2$ , alcohols are converted into: 2 SOCl :**

(a) Alkyl halides (b) Carboxylic acids

(c) Alkenes (d) Alkanes

**Answer: (a) Alkyl halides**

**16. Consider the below reaction.  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3$  :**

(a) Oxidation (b) Disproportionation

(c) Reduction (d) Redox reaction

**Answer: (a) Oxidation**

**17. The compound Nonactin binds to which metal ion?**

(a)  $\text{Mg}^{+2}$  (b)  $\text{K}^+$

(c)  $\text{Na}^+$  (d)  $\text{Ca}^{+2}$

**Answer: (b)  $\text{K}^+$**

**18. Stereochemistry of  $\text{S}_\text{N}2$  reaction involves: 2 SN DeefYeef :**

(a) Racimisation with inversion (b) Retention

(c) Inversion (d) Racimisation with retention

**Answer: (c) Inversion**

**19. For an  $\text{E}2$  reaction, which of the following is correct?**

(a)  $\text{R-Cl} > \text{R-Br} > \text{R-I}$  (b)  $\text{R-Cl} < \text{R-I} < \text{R-Br}$

(c)  $\text{R-Cl} < \text{R-Br} < \text{R-I}$  (d)  $\text{R-Br} < \text{R-I} < \text{R-Cl}$

**Answer: (c)  $\text{R-Cl} < \text{R-Br} < \text{R-I}$**

**20. The transition state of  $\text{S}_\text{N}2$  reaction has: 2 SN DeefYeef :**

- (a) Carbon tetrahedral structure (b) Normal tetrahedral structure  
(c) Square planar structure (d) Linear structure

**Answer: (a) Carbon tetrahedral structure**

**21. SN and SN reactions follow: 2 1 SN Deewj SN DeefYeef :**

- (a) Both follow second order (b) First and second order  
(c) Second and first order (d) Both follow first order

**Answer: (c) Second and first order**

**22. Which of the following statements is correct?**

- (a) Bromination is more selective than Chlorination (b) Both are equally selective  
(c) Bromination is less selective (d) Chlorination is more selective than bromination

**Answer: (a) Bromination is more selective than Chlorination**

**23. Which of the following is an antibiotic?**

- (a) Dolo (b) Amoxycillin  
(c) Rantidin (d) Furosemide

**Answer: (b) Amoxycillin**

**24. Morphine consists :**

- (a) Tertiary amine (b) Quaternary carbon  
(c) Tertiary carbon (d) Tertiary amine and quaternary carbon

**Answer: (d) Tertiary amine and quaternary carbon**

**25. Which of following compounds shows octahedral geometry?**

- (a) XeF (b) XeO  
(c) XeF<sub>2</sub> (d) SF<sub>3</sub>

**Answer: (d) SF<sub>3</sub>**

**Physics**

**26. Newton's rings are fringes of:**

- (a) equal thickness (b) equal radii  
(c) both equal inclination and equal (d) equal inclination

**Answer: (a) equal thickness**

**27. Which of the following phenomenon is not concerned with the production of polarised light?**

- (a) Double refraction (b) Scattering  
(c) Dispersion (d) Brewster's law

**Answer: (c) Dispersion**

**28. Consider the following: A. Presence of audience in a hall decreases reverberation time. B. Open windows increase reverberation time ?**

- (a) Both A, B are false (b) Both A, B are true  
(c) A is false, B is true (d) A is true, B is false

**Answer: (d) A is true, B is false**

**29. A sound wave of unknown frequency gives 10 beats with a wave of frequency 300 Hz and 15 beats with a wave of frequency 325 Hz. The frequency of unknown wave is ?**

- (a) None of the above (b) 340 Hz  
(c) 310 Hz (d) 290 Hz

**Answer: (c) 310 Hz**

**30. A tuning fork of frequency 260 Hz is vibrated with a sonometer wire and 5 beats are heard. If the tension in the wire is slightly increase, the beat frequency also decreases. The original frequency of the sonometer is ?**

- (a) 265 Hz (b) 250 Hz  
(c) 260 Hz (d) 255 Hz

**Answer: (d) 255 Hz**

**31. The concept of internal energy was first introduced by ?**

- (a) Second law of thermodynamics (b) Stefan's law  
(c) Wien's law PV (d) First law of thermodynamics

**Answer: (d) First law of thermodynamics**

**32. Newton's law of cooling is a special case of ?**

- (a) Kirchhoff's law (b) Wien's displacement law  
(c) Planck's law (d) Stefan's law

**Answer: (d) Stefan's law**

**33. An iron plate 2 cm thick has a cross-section of  $\text{cm}^2$ . 5000 lts one side is at  $110^\circ\text{C}$  and the other side is at  $100^\circ\text{C}$ . If thermal conductivity of iron is  $0.115 \text{ cal/s-cm-}^\circ\text{C}$ , the rate of heat flow through the plate is ?**

- (a) 4750 cal/s (b) 5750 cal/s  
(c) 2375 cal/s (d) 2875 cal/s

**Answer: (d) 2875 cal/s**

**34. Transport phenomena in gases represent the transport of certain quantities. Which of the following is not correctly matched? Transport Phenomenon Quantity ?**

- (a) Conduction Momentum (b) Diffusion Energy  
(c) None of the above (d) Viscosity Mass

**Answer: (c) None of the above**

**35. Which of the following is the unit of strain?**

- (a) Newton (b) Watt  
(c) No unit (d) Joule

**Answer: (c) No unit**

**36. If the diameter of a capillary tube is increased by two times, then the height of liquid rise in it will be :**

- (a) two times (b) one-fourth  
(c) half (d) remains same

**Answer: (c) half**

**37. The surface tension of a liquid ?**

- (a) Decreases with surface area (b) Increases with surface area  
(c) Increases with temperature (d) Decreases with temperature

**Answer: (d) Decreases with temperature**

**38. The negative electrode in lead acid battery is ?**

- (a) Lead (b) Silver  
(c) Carbon (d) Iron

**Answer: (a) Lead**

**39. A particle moves in a circular path with uniform speed. The direction of acceleration of the particle will be :**

- (a) Normal to the plane of the path (b) Along the radius  
(c) Acceleration is zero (d) Along the tangent to the path

**Answer: (b) Along the radius**

**40. Which of the following is conservative force?**

- (a) Gravitational Force (b) Frictional force
- (c) Viscous force (d) None of the above

**Answer: (a) Gravitational Force**

**41. In above velocity-time graph of a particle, the distance covered in first 4 seconds is ?**

- (a) 20m (b) 12m
- (c) 16m (d) Zero

**Answer: (c) 16m**

**42. Which of the following is not necessary for performing LASER action ?**

- (a) Spontaneous emission (b) Meta-energy level
- (c) Population inversion (d) Stimulated emission

**Answer: (a) Spontaneous emission**

**43. A plane polarized light is passed through a quarter wave plate. The circularly polarized light is obtained, when the angle between plane polarized light and principal axis of the plate is ?**

- (a) 90° (b) 0°
- (c) 180° (d) 45°

**Answer: (d) 45°**

**44. A diffraction grating has 4000 lines and is fully exposed at normal incidence. The resolving power of the grating in the third order of the  $^{\circ}$  spectrum at the 5000Å wavelength is ?**

- (a) 18000 (b) 12000
- (c) 7500 (d) 15000

**Answer: (d) 15000**

**45. The mean separation of two points on moon that can be resolved by a 500 cm telescope aperture is (distance of the moon is  $4 \times 10^5$  km, eye is most sensitive to wavelength 5500Å) ?**

- (a) 50.6 m (b) 53.6 m
- (c) 40 m (d) 43 m

**Answer: (b) 53.6 m**

**46. Fraunhofer spectrum is ?**

- (a) Line emission spectrum (b) Band emission spectrum
- (c) Band absorption spectrum (d) Line absorption spectrum

**Answer: (d) Line absorption spectrum**

**47. Which of the following are coherent sources?**

- (a) A 60 Watt and a 100 Watt bulbs (b) Two virtual sources obtained by biprism
- (c) Two bulbs of 60W each (d) Two halves of a 60 Watt bulbs

**Answer: (b) Two virtual sources obtained by biprism**

**48. Ratio of focal lengths of two lenses of Huygens eyepiece is ?**

- (a) None of the above (b) 2 :
- (c) 3 : (d) 1 :

**Answer: (c) 3 :**

**49. The critical angle is maximum when light travels from ?**

- (a) glass to water (b) glass to air
- (c) water to air (d) air to water

**Answer: (a) glass to water**

**50. With the decrease in the prism angle, the angular dispersion between red and violet rays ?**

- (a) Depends on the incidence angle (b) Does not change
- (c) Decreases (d) Increases

**Answer: (a) Depends on the incidence angle**

## **SECTION B — Biology [50]**

### **Zoology**

**51. Fibroblast, macrophages and mast cells are seen in ?**

- (a) Areolar tissue (b) Loose connective tissue
- (c) Evolutionary trend (d) Integument with muscles

**Answer: (b) Loose connective tissue**

**52. Type of muscle tissue is found in the wall of internal organs ?**

- (a) Cardiac muscles (b) Extracellular matrix
- (c) Smooth muscles (d) Glandular epithelium

**Answer: (c) Smooth muscles**

**53. Kind of tissue is found in the tip of nose, outer ear joints, between adjacent bones of the vertebral column, limbs and hands in adults ?**

- (a) Morphology Earthworm (b) Squamous, ciliated
- (c) Squamous epithelium (d) Specialized connective tissue

**Answer: (d) Specialized connective tissue**

**54. Mucus, saliva, earwax, oil, milk and digestive enzymes are secreted by ?**

- (a) Morphology Earthworm (b) Integument with muscles
- (c) Lining of oesophagus (d) Exocrine glands

**Answer: (d) Exocrine glands**

**55. Tendons attach skeletal muscles to is ?**

- (a) Chondrocytes (b)  $Ca^{2+}$
- (c) Osteoblasts (d) Bones

**Answer: (d) Bones**

**56. The involved in the rapid transfer of ions, small molecules and some big molecules is ?**

- (a) Integument with muscles (b) Nervous tissue
- (c) Gap junctions (d) Bronchioles

**Answer: (c) Gap junctions**

**57. Meant by a tissue is ?**

- (a) Buccal cavity, oesophagus, cornea of eye (b) Group of cells of similar origin
- (c) Study of morphology of internal organs (d) Squamous, ciliated

**Answer: (b) Group of cells of similar origin**

**58. The structure of the cell varies according to which of the following is ?**

- (a) Areolar tissue (b) Ciliated epithelium
- (c) Multicellular (d) Function

**Answer: (d) Function**

**59. Type of junction which helps to stop substance from leaking across a tissue ?**

- (a) Unicellular (b) Dendrite
- (c) Ligament (d) Tight junction

**Answer: (d) Tight junction**

**60. Presence of intercalated disc is the feature of ?**

- (a) Dendrite (b) Cardiac muscle
- (c) Function (d) Evolutionary trend

**Answer: (b) Cardiac muscle**

**61. The functions is not performed by epithelial tissue ?**

- (a) Conduction (b) Gap junctions
- (c) Peristomium (d) Cardiac muscles

**Answer: (a) Conduction**

**62. Single thin layer of flattened cells with boundaries is observed in all of the following except ?**

- (a) Exocrine glands (b) Lining of oesophagus
- (c) Areolar tissue (d) Gap junctions

**Answer: (b) Lining of oesophagus**

**63. Ciliated epithelia in human can be observed in is ?**

- (a) Nephridia (b) Bronchioles
- (c) Energy reservoir (d) Peristomium

**Answer: (b) Bronchioles**

**64. Cuboidal epithelium is observed in ?**

- (a) Tendon (b) Cuboidal
- (c) Function (d) PCT

**Answer: (d) PCT**

**65. If the main function is diffusion and movement of mucus, then the epithelia will be respectively ?**

- (a) Tight junction (b) Bronchioles
- (c) Squamous, ciliated (d) Glandular epithelium

**Answer: (c) Squamous, ciliated**

**66. Endocrine glands secrete is ?**

- (a) Hormones (b) Bronchioles
- (c) Nephridia (d) Muscles

**Answer: (a) Hormones**

**67. Microvilli is present in the epithelium of ?**

- (a) First, last and clitellar segments (b) Proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- (c) Inner wall of blood vessels (d) Circular, longitudinal muscles and setae

**Answer: (b) Proximal convoluted tubule of nephron**

**68. The classification of glands is based on ?**

- (a) Mode of pouring of secretions (b) Proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- (c) Cell body and Dendrites (d) Smooth and visceral muscles only

**Answer: (a) Mode of pouring of secretions**

**69. When a neuron is stimulated, the electrical signal travels along the ?**

- (a) Extracellular matrix (b) Exocrine glands
- (c) Ciliated epithelium (d) Smooth muscles

**Answer: (a) Extracellular matrix**

**70. That epithelium of the epithelium covers the inner linings of trachea, large bronchi and helps to remove mucus is ?**

- (a) Smooth muscles (b) Ciliated epithelium  
(c) Pheretima, Lumbricus (d) Fibroblasts

**Answer: (b) Ciliated epithelium**

**71. Between the adjacent bones of the vertebral column, is present ?**

- (a) Cartilage (b) Anal styles  
(c) Areolar tissue (d) Muscles

**Answer: (a) Cartilage**

**72. Intercalated discs are the communication junctions between the cells of ?**

- (a) Osteoblasts (b) Nervous tissue  
(c) Cardiac muscles (d) For Crushing food

**Answer: (c) Cardiac muscles**

**73. Structures distinguish a nerve cell from other types of cell is ?**

- (a) Elastin, Collagen, Reticulin protein (b) Cell body and Dendrites  
(c) White fibrous cartilage (d) Presence of caudal styles

**Answer: (b) Cell body and Dendrites**

**74. The only type of cell seen in a tendon is ?**

- (a) Osteoblasts (b) Fibroblasts  
(c) Glandular epithelium (d) Gap junctions

**Answer: (b) Fibroblasts**

**75. Yellow, white and Reticular fibres made up of protein ?**

- (a) Specialized connective tissue (b) Elastin, Collagen, Reticulin protein  
(c) Biting and chewing type (d) Male reproductive system

**Answer: (b) Elastin, Collagen, Reticulin protein**

#### **Botany**

**76. The plant parts in garlic and onion are edible ?**

- (a) Zea mays, Sugarcane (b) Vexillary The Flower  
(c) Region of elongation (d) Fleshy scale leaves

**Answer: (d) Fleshy scale leaves**

**77. This plant, part is modified into pitcher in pitcher plants ?**

- (a) Leaf (b) Alstonia  
(c) Hypogynous (d) Epigynous

**Answer: (a) Leaf**

**78. A monocot can be distinguished from a dicot by is ?**

- (a) Perigynous (b) Hypogynous  
(c) Axillary bud (d) Venation

**Answer: (d) Venation**

**79. Whorled phyllotaxy is present in ?**

- (a) Aestivation (b) Distal  
(c) Mustard (d) Alstonia

**Answer: (d) Alstonia**

**80. Arrangement of leaves on the stem or branch is called ?**

- (a) Gulmohar (b) Phyllotaxy  
(c) Primary root (d) Light

**Answer: (b) Phyllotaxy**

**81. Leaves become modified into spines example of ?**

- (a) Cactus (b) China rose
- (c) Mustard (d) Thorns

**Answer: (a) Cactus**

**82. The main purpose of phyllotaxy for the leaves is to provide sufficient ?**

- (a) Brassica (b) Light
- (c) Pisum (d) China rose

**Answer: (b) Light**

**83. An example of fleshy leaves ?**

- (a) Aestivation (b) Garlic
- (c) Parietal (d) Stilt roots

**Answer: (b) Garlic**

**84. Arrangement of veins and the veinlets in the lamina of leaf is known as ?**

- (a) Flower (b) Venation
- (c) Bilobed (d) Alstonia

**Answer: (b) Venation**

**85. \_\_\_\_\_ plant has superior ovary ?**

- (a) China rose (b) Region of maturation
- (c) Garlic (d) Hypogynous

**Answer: (a) China rose**

**86. Free-central placentation is found in ?**

- (a) Dianthus (b) Adventitious root
- (c) China rose (d) Sweet potato

**Answer: (a) Dianthus**

**87. The ovary is half inferior in ?**

- (a) Bean, Pea (b) Drupe
- (c) Opuntia (d) Plum

**Answer: (d) Plum**

**88. Many pulses of daily use belong to the family ?**

- (a) Distal (b) Inferior ovary
- (c) Stem (d) Fabaceae

**Answer: (d) Fabaceae**

**89. In an inflorescence where flowers are borne laterally in an acropetal succession, the position of the youngest floral bud shall be ?**

- (a) China rose (b) Flower
- (c) Phyllotaxy (d) Distal

**Answer: (d) Distal**

**90. A modified shoot wherein the shoot apical meristem changes to floral meristem is known as ?**

- (a) Flower (b) Fruit
- (c) Bean, Pea (d) Light

**Answer: (a) Flower**

**91. In the gynoecium is present in the topmost position of the thalamus, then the flower is referred to as ?**

- (a) Hypogynous (b) Mesocarp  
(c) Fruit (d) Axillary bud

**Answer: (a) Hypogynous**

**92. Ovary is said to be half inferior in ..... conditions ?**

- (a) Chilli (b) Fruit  
(c) Perigynous (d) Venation

**Answer: (c) Perigynous**

**93. In ..... flowers, margin of thalamus grows upward enclosing the ovary completely and getting fused with it is ?**

- (a) Epigynous (b) Hypogynous  
(c) Flower (d) Wheat plant

**Answer: (a) Epigynous**

**94. Monoadelphous condition of stamens, i.e., stamens united into one bunch or one bundle is a characteristic of ?**

- (a) Hypogynous (b) China rose  
(c) Chilli (d) Eichhornia, Pistia

**Answer: (b) China rose**

**95. Ovary is one-chambered but it becomes two-chambered due to the formation of false septum in ?**

- (a) Brassica (b) Parthenocarp  
(c) Pea, Cacti (d) Leaves

**Answer: (a) Brassica**

**96. In racemose type of inflorescence, the main axis ?**

- (a) Cucumber, Pumpkins, Grapevines (b) China rose  
(c) Continues to grow (d) Radicle, plumule

**Answer: (c) Continues to grow**

**97. Inflorescence is ?**

- (a) Arranged on the flowering axis (b) Calyx and Corolla 3 The Fruit  
(c) Epicarp, mesocarp, endocarp The Seed (d) Calyx, corolla, androecium and gynoecium

**Answer: (a) Arranged on the flowering axis**

**98. In cymose, flowers are arranged in ?**

- (a) Fleshy scale leaves (b) Basipetal order Aestivation  
(c) Radicle, plumule (d) Cucurbita, Opuntia The Leaf

**Answer: (b) Basipetal order Aestivation**

**99. Arrangement of sepals or petals with respect to each other is called ?**

- (a) Inferior ovary (b) Aestivation  
(c) China rose (d) Bilobed

**Answer: (b) Aestivation**

**100. Type of aestivation shown by Pisum is ?**

- (a) Opposite, Calotropis 2 (b) Basipetal order Aestivation  
(c) Vexillary The Flower (d) Citrus, Bougainvillea

**Answer: (c) Vexillary The Flower**